

LIC AAO

EXAM 2027

BY A TEAM OF EXPERTS



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LIC AAO Latest Syllabus

The LIC AAO(Assistant Administrative Officer) syllabus is divided into two stages: Preliminary and Main examinations.

The Preliminary exam is qualifying in nature and tests basic aptitude and language skills. It includes three sections: Reasoning Ability, Quantitative Aptitude, and English Language. Reasoning covers puzzles, seating arrangement, coding-decoding, syllogism, and inequalities.

Quantitative Aptitude includes simplification, number series, data interpretation, profit & loss, and time-based problems.

The English section focuses on comprehension, grammar, vocabulary, and sentence correction.

Marks of prelims are not counted in the final merit but are necessary to qualify for mains.

The Main examination is the most important stage for final selection.

It includes Reasoning Ability, General Knowledge, Data Analysis, and Insurance Awareness.

Reasoning in mains is advanced, including input-output, logical reasoning, and data sufficiency.

General Knowledge covers current affairs, banking, insurance, and economic updates.

Data Analysis includes charts, graphs, probability, and caselet-based questions.

Insurance awareness focuses on LIC, financial markets, and insurance concepts.

There is also a descriptive English test with essay and letter writing.

Final selection is based on mains performance followed by an interview.

Preface

The LIC AAO Examination is a highly competitive national-level examination conducted by the Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) to recruit candidates for the post of Assistant Administrative Officer. It offers a secure career, attractive salary, and long-term growth opportunities, making it a preferred choice among government job aspirants. To succeed in this examination, it is essential for candidates to have a clear understanding of the syllabus, exam pattern, and subject-wise weightage. The syllabus acts as a roadmap for preparation, guiding candidates on what to study and how to approach different sections effectively. The LIC AAO syllabus is thoughtfully structured into two stages—Preliminary and Main Examination—each designed to test different levels of knowledge and skills. While the prelims focus on basic aptitude, reasoning, and language proficiency, the mains examination evaluates advanced analytical ability, general awareness, and domain-specific knowledge related to insurance and financial markets. Additionally, the descriptive English test assesses writing skills, which are crucial for administrative roles. A thorough understanding of the syllabus helps candidates plan a systematic study strategy, prioritize important topics, and manage time efficiently. It also enables them to identify their strengths and weaknesses, practice accordingly, and improve overall performance. Therefore, before starting preparation, candidates should carefully go through the complete syllabus to build a strong foundation and enhance their chances of success in the LIC AAO Examination.

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Section I : Maths.

Methodology in Brief.

BODMAS

BODMAS is a rule that tells us the correct order in which mathematical operations should be done. It is used when a question has more than one operation like addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, powers, or brackets. If we do not follow a proper order, we may get the wrong answer. BODMAS stands for Brackets, Orders, Division, Multiplication, Addition and Subtraction.

Brackets are solved first. Brackets can be of different types such as small brackets (), square brackets [], and curly brackets { }. When brackets are inside each other, we solve the innermost bracket first and then move outward. For example, in the expression $8 + (5 - 3)$, we first solve the bracket $5 - 3 = 2$, and then add $8 + 2 = 10$. Orders mean powers and roots. For example, 2^3 means $2 \times 2 \times 2$ which equals 8. Similarly, $\sqrt{49}$ equals 7. In an expression like $3 + 2^2$, we first calculate $2^2 = 4$ and then add $3 + 4 = 7$. After brackets and orders, we solve division and multiplication. Division and multiplication are done from left to right, whichever comes first. For example, in $10 \div 2 \times 3$, we first divide $10 \div 2 = 5$ and then multiply $5 \times 3 = 15$. We do not multiply first because we must move from left to right.

After division and multiplication, we solve addition and subtraction. These are also done from left to right. For example, in $15 - 5 + 2$, we first subtract $15 - 5 = 10$ and then add $10 + 2 = 12$.

It is important to understand that BODMAS does not mean division is always done before multiplication or addition is always done before subtraction. Division and multiplication are equal in priority and are solved from left to right. Addition and subtraction are also equal in priority and are solved from left to right. Let us take a complete example. Consider $18 \div 3 \times 2 + 4 - 1$. First we do division: $18 \div 3 = 6$. Then multiplication: $6 \times 2 = 12$. Then addition: $12 + 4 = 16$. Then subtraction: $16 - 1 = 15$. So the final answer is 15.

Another example is $12 - 4 \times 2 + 3^2$. First solve the power: $3^2 = 9$. Then multiply: $4 \times 2 = 8$. Now the expression becomes $12 - 8 + 9$. Moving left to right, $12 - 8 = 4$ and $4 + 9 = 13$. So the answer is 13. Therefore, BODMAS helps us solve mathematical expressions correctly by following a fixed order. First brackets, then orders, then division and multiplication from left to right, and finally addition and subtraction from left to right. If we follow this rule carefully, we will always get the correct answer.

Other Methodologies

Ratio and Proportion (Value Variation Logic)

Description: When value is directly proportional to the square of weight, we write

Value $\propto$ (weight)²

Therefore, Value = $k \times$ (weight)²

where k is the constant of proportionality.

Let the two broken pieces have weights 5x and 8x.

Original weight = $5x + 8x = 13x$

Original value

= $k(13x)^2$